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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:00 ON 14 DEC 2009
          24586 S GUAR OR GALACTOMANNAN OR GALACTAN OR MANNAN OR OLIGOMANNOSE O
L1
L2
          67887 S PROANTHOCYANIDIN OR LACTOFERRIN OR LINOLEIC OR LINOLENIC
L3
           175 S L1 AND L2
L4
         12192 S PREBIOTIC OR BIFIDO?
L5
            10 S L3 AND L4
L6
             93 S HYDROLYZED GUAR
L7
             1 S L2 AND L6
L8
             8 S L4 AND L6
L9
             7 S L8 NOT L7
L10
            201 S L2 AND L4
L11
            89 S L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)
L12
        698550 S FIBER OR GUAR OR OLIGOSACCHARIDE
L13
              6 S L11 AND L12
              1 S METHYL (2A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE OR (MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE) O
L14
L15
              1 S (METHYL OR METHYLATED OR METHYLATION) (4A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARI
              1 S (METHYL OR METHYLATED OR METHYLATION) (4A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARI
L16
L17
         192703 S ENTERAL OR ENTERIC OR INTESTINAL OR COLONIC OR DIARRHEA
        148594 S PATHOGENIC OR CLOSTRIDIUM OR SALMONELLA
L18
L19
          9330 S L17 AND L18
L20
             5 S L6 AND L19
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=> file hcaplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.22 0.22

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:00 ON 14 DEC 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 14 Dec 2009 VOL 151 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 13 Dec 2009 (20091213/ED) REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Oct 2009 USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Aug 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

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http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s guar or galactomannan or galactan or mannan or oligomannose or (manno-oligosaccharide)

13538 GUAR

3476 GALACTOMANNAN

2248 GALACTAN

7616 MANNAN

365 OLIGOMANNOSE

2824 MANNO

34364 OLIGOSACCHARIDE

43 MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE

(MANNO(W)OLIGOSACCHARIDE)

L1 24586 GUAR OR GALACTOMANNAN OR GALACTAN OR MANNAN OR OLIGOMANNOSE OR (MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE)

=> s proanthocyanidin or lactoferrin or linoleic or linolenic

2427 PROANTHOCYANIDIN

5962 LACTOFERRIN

50690 LINOLEIC

26569 LINOLENIC

L2 67887 PROANTHOCYANIDIN OR LACTOFERRIN OR LINOLEIC OR LINOLENIC

 \Rightarrow s 11 and 12

L3 175 L1 AND L2

=> s prebiotic or bifido?

4935 PREBIOTIC 7786 BIFIDO?

L4 12192 PREBIOTIC OR BIFIDO?

=> s 13 and 14

L5 10 L3 AND L4

=> d 15 1-10 ti abs bib

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Growth kinetics on oligo- and polysaccharides and promising features of three antioxidative potential probiotic strains
- AB The aim was to determine the antioxidative activity, glutathione production, acid

and bile tolerance and carbohydrate preferences of Lactobacillus plantarum LP 1, Streptococcus thermophilus Z 57 and Bifidobacterium lactis B 933. The intact bacteria exhibited antioxidative capacity against linolenic acid and ascorbate oxidation The antioxidative activity of cell-free exts. was determined by chemiluminescent assay and agreed with total glutathione content. Superoxide dismutase was negligible in all the strains. Bile and gastric juice resistance was tested in vitro to estimate the transit tolerance in the upper gastrointestinal tract. Bifidobacterium lactis B 933 and L. plantarum LP 1 were more acid tolerant than S. thermophilus Z 57. All the strains were resistant to bile. Among 13 indigestible carbohydrates, galacto-oligosaccharides and fructo-oligosaccharides were utilized by all the strains and did not affect survival in human gastric juice. These potential probiotic strains exhibited antioxidative properties and good viability in gastric juice and bile may indicate tolerance to the transit through the upper gastrointestinal tract. Galacto-oligosaccharides and fructo-oligosaccharides are the most appropriate prebiotics to be used in effective symbiotic formulations. These results outline promising strains with antioxidative properties. Carbohydrate preferences can be exploited in order to develop symbiotic products.

- AN 2008:1489172 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 151:192710
- TI Growth kinetics on oligo- and polysaccharides and promising features of three antioxidative potential probiotic strains
- AU Zanoni, S.; Pompei, A.; Cordisco, L.; Amaretti, A.; Rossi, M.; Matteuzzi, D.
- CS Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy
- SO Journal of Applied Microbiology (2008), 105(5), 1266-1276 CODEN: JAMIFK; ISSN: 1364-5072
- PB Wiley-Blackwell
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 73 THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Infant foods with optimized amino acid composition for improved cognition.
- AB The invention relates to food compns., such as infant food and dietary supplements for children, especially foods which have favorable effects on cognitive skills. The invention provides a method for selecting an infant food which contributes to the development and/or use of the cognitive skills of a child, comprising determining the age of the child and selecting a food optimal for that age, wherein, for an age of 1 yr at most, an infant food with a tryptophan:tyrosine ratio based on weight (T/T ratio) of ≥ 0.3 is selected and wherein, for an age from 1 yr, an infant food with a T/T ratio < 0.3 is selected.

```
2008:1106125 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
     149:330962
DN
ΤI
     Infant foods with optimized amino acid composition for improved cognition.
     Glas, Cornelis; Schaafsma, Anne
IN
PΑ
     Friesland Brands B.V., Neth.
     PCT Int. Appl., 23pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     WO 2008108651 A1 20001
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                          A1 20080912 WO 2008-NL50133 20080307
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                        C2 20080909
                                               NL 2007-1033521
                                                                          20070308
     NL 1033521
PRAI NL 2007-1033521
                                   20070308
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RE.CNT 6
               THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
ΤI
     Lacteal coated pizzas
     Lacteal coated pizzas are comprised of soft leaven dough/sourdough topped
AΒ
     with a nutritious lacteal batter and a conventional topping. The lacteal
     batters are heat-stable, hydrocolloid-protein mixts. that possess unique
     performance-enhancing, rheol. properties. Thus, the lacteal batter
     comprises agglomerated (denatured) casein micelles, whey, and gluten, plus
     a lipid-in-starch emulsion that acts as a hydrocolloidal thickener and
     stabilizer.
ΑN
     2008:474305 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
     148:448473
DN
ΤI
     Lacteal coated pizzas
ΙN
     Grigg, Louise J.; Jonsan, John
PΑ
     Body Structures, Inc., USA
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 42 pp.
SO
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                   DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                                                          DATE
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     US 20080089978
                                   20080417
                                                US 2006-309851
                                                                          20061013
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PRAI US 2006-309851
                                   20061013
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
ΤI
     Method for manufacturing lactic acid bacteria-unsaturated fatty acid
     microcapsule-krill powder, and spices containing the powder
AΒ
     A method for manufacturing spices containing krill powder comprises: (1) mixing
     carbohydrate, protein, thickener and water to obtain micro-coating
     material, (2) mixing emulsifier and hardened oil, heating, adding lactic
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acid bacteria and unsatd. fatty acid, and homogenizing to obtain capsule material, (3) mixing the micro-coating material and the capsule material in presence of emulsifier, and homogenizing to obtain gelatinized solution, (4) spraying the gelatinized solution to cooling water to obtain microcapsule, and (5) mixing the microcapsule and krill power as stabilizer, and preparing into power to obtain the final product. The powder and spices containing the powder have long shelf time over 12 mouths, and lactic acid bacteria and unsatd. fatty acid are stable.

AN 2008:25236 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>

DN 148:143537

TI Method for manufacturing lactic acid bacteria-unsaturated fatty acid microcapsule-krill powder, and spices containing the powder

IN Shin, Hong Sik; Park, Si Ho; Kim, Hui Jeong; Choi, Yun Hwa; Shin, Cheol Ho; Kim, Jun Tae

PA Chebigen Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SO Repub. Korea, 10pp.

CODEN: KRXXFC

DT Patent

LA Korean

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	KR 777210	В1	20071128	KR 2006-48084	20060529
PRAI	KR 2006-48084		20060529		

- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Method for manufacturing multi-microcapsules of lactic acid bacteria, the manufactured microcapsules, and product containing the microcapsules
- AB A method for manufacturing multi-microcapsules of lactic acid bacteria comprises

the steps of: (1) processing one of whey powder, low-fat skim milk powder, glucose and bactotryptone, glycerin, and medium solution into a sterilized paste, adding lactic acid bacteria, and homogenizing to obtain a first coating material, (2) mixing with recombined milk, polyglycerin fatty acid ester and glycerin succinate fatty acid ester, and homogenizing to obtain a second coating material, and (3) mixing carbohydrate, protein components, a thickening agent and an emulsifying agent, homogenizing, adding the second coating material, homogenizing to obtain a third coating material, and spraying into sterilized cooling water. The invention also discloses the manufactured microcapsules, and a product containing the microcapsules. The viable lactic acid bacteria number of the microcapsules can be maintained at >108CFU/mL at 4° for longer than 3 mo.

AN 2008:4604 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>

DN 148:120678

TI Method for manufacturing multi-microcapsules of lactic acid bacteria, the manufactured microcapsules, and product containing the microcapsules

IN Shin, Hong Sik; Park, Si Ho; Eom, Su Jong; Kim, Hui Jeong; Jin, Ha Ryong; Lee, Jong Hyeon; Kim, Hyeong Su; Park, Jong Mi; Lee, A. Reum

PA Chebigen Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SO Repub. Korean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, 23pp.

CODEN: KRXXA7

DT Patent

LA Korean

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	KR 2007104140	A	20071025	KR 2006-36360	20060421
	KR 782984	В1	20071207		
PRAI	KR 2006-36360		20060421		

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Metallo-lactoferrin-coenzyme compositions for trigger and release of bioenergy
- AB Formulations are provided for the trigger and release of bioenergy. The formulations generally include a trigger complex, an elemental complex and a coenzyme-vitamin B complex. The trigger complex is high in fiber and includes at least one metal-binding protein in an alkaline buffer system. The elemental complex includes one or more trace element as a suitable salt. The coenzyme-vitamin B complex includes one or more coenzyme, coenzyme precursor and/or B-vitamin. The compns. can be administered orally in a variety of forms. A formulation for diabetes control contained elemental complex 0.1, coenzyme complex 0.1, trigger complex 11.2, functional ingredients 10.4, and excipients 78.2%.
- AN 2006:1256671 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 146:33048
- TI Metallo-lactoferrin-coenzyme compositions for trigger and release of bioenergy
- IN Naidu, A. Satyanarayan; Naidu, A. G. Tezus; Naidu, A. G. Sreus
- PA USA
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16pp. CODEN: USXXCO
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 20060269535	A1	20061130	US 2006-442473	20060526
PRAI	US 2005-686257P	P	20050531		
ASSI	GNMENT HISTORY FOR	US PATEN'	I AVAILABL	E IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMA	$T\mathcal{F}$
OSC.	G 1 THERE ARE	1 CAPLU	S RECORDS	THAT CITE THIS RECORD	(1 CITINGS)

- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI High-pressure processing of bioactive compositions
- AB Pressure treatment is used to prevent the growth of at least one unwanted microorganism while retaining desired level of activity of bioactive components. The bioactive component may include proteins, protein hydrolyzates, lipids, lipid hydrolyzates, carbohydrates, probiotic factors, or mixts. of these. The pressure treatment is at a predetd. pressure of about 350 to 1000 MPa. Thus, a colostrum milk protein concentrate may be sterilized at 500 MPa for 1 min while retaining 91% IgG (vs. 2% for heat processing).
- AN 2006:945472 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 145:270598
- TI High-pressure processing of bioactive compositions
- IN Carroll, Timothy Joseph; Patel, Hasmukh Ambalal; Gonzalez-Martin, Miguel
 Alejandro; Dekker, James William; Collett, Michael Anthony; Lubbers, Marc
 William
- PA Fonterra Co-Operative Group Limited, N. Z.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 98pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 2

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	PA:	TENT	NO.			KIND		DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE		
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ΡI	WO 2006096074					A1 20060914			1	WO 2	006-1	NZ39			20060308			
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     EP 1855553
                          Α1
                                20071121
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PRAI NZ 2005-538671
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     WO 2006-NZ39
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
OSC.G 1
              THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 8
              THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
     Composition containing fermentable polysaccharides
ΤI
AB
     A nutritional composition (e.g., prebiotic polysaccharide-containing
     infant formula) comprises 0.1-15 g fermentable partially hydrolyzed gum
     having a degree of polymerization of 10-300/100 g dry weight of the
composition and
     0.1-15 g fermentable, indigestible polysaccharide other than a hydrolyzed
     gum having a d.p. of 10-300/100 g dry weight of the composition Thus,
partially
     hydrolyzed guar gum may be used in combination with inulin or
     indigestible polydextrin.
ΑN
     2006:184964 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
DN
     144:253218
     Composition containing fermentable polysaccharides
ΤI
     Speelmans, Gelske; Govers, Maria Johanna Adriana P.
IN
     N.V. Nutricia, Neth.
PA
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
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     EP 1629727
                         A1 20060301 EP 2004-77393
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PRAI EP 2004-77393
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
             THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
ΤI
    Continuous multi-microencapsulation process for improving the stability
    and storage life of biologically active ingredients in foods, cosmetics
    and drugs
    Microcapsules are obtained in a continuous water-in-oil-in-water
AΒ
    microencapsulation process through in situ and interfacial polymerization of
the
    emulsion. A formulation comprises a continuous water phase having a
    dispersion of microcapsules which contain oil drops and in the inside of
    each oil phase drop (containing optionally oil-soluble materials) there is a
    dispersion of water, or aqueous extract or water-dispersible material or
    water-soluble material. The oil drops are encapsulated with a polymerizable
    material of natural origin. Such microcapsules are appropriate for
    spray-drying, to be used as dry powder, lyophilized, self-emulsifiable
    powder, gel, cream, and any liquid form. The active compds. included in the
    microcapsules are beneficial to health and other biol. purposes. Such
    formulations are appropriate for incorporation in any class of food, especially
    for the production of nutraceuticals, as well as cosmetic products (such as
    rejuvenescence creams, anti-wrinkle creams, gels, bath and shower
    consumable products and sprays). The prepns. are adequate to stabilize
    compds. added to food, media for cultivating microbes and nutraceuticals,
    especially those which are easily degradable or oxidizable.
ΑN
    2005:564598 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
DN
    Continuous multi-microencapsulation process for improving the stability
ΤI
    and storage life of biologically active ingredients in foods, cosmetics
    and drugs
ΙN
    Casana Giner, Victor; Gimeno Sierra, Miguel; Gimeno Sierra, Barbara;
    Moser, Martha
    GAT Formulation G.m.b.H., Austria
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
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LA
    Spanish
FAN.CNT 1
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                                          BR 2004-17767
                         Α
                                                                  20041217
    JP 2007521135
                         Τ
                               20070802
                                           JP 2006-544472
                                                                  20041217
    MX 2006006735
                         Α
                               20070216
                                          MX 2006-6735
                                                                  20060614
    US 20070077308
                               20070405
                                          US 2006-596556
                                                                  20060616
                        A1
    US 20080102132
                         A2
                               20080501
PRAI ES 2003-2998
                               20031218
                         Α
    WO 2004-ES562
                               20041217
                         W
             THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)
OSC.G
      6
RE.CNT 4
             THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
```

- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Dietary supplements and methods of preparing and administering dietary supplements
- AB A chewable or non-chewable, palatable and shelf stable dietary supplement for animals including a carrier matrix formed of a natural substance and an effective amount of a medicament intermixed with the carrier matrix is disclosed. Methods for administering a medicament to an animal may include forming a slurry from a natural substance; mixing an effective amount of a medicament with the slurry to form a mixture; pouring the mixture into a mold; freezing the mixture to form a frozen mixture; drying the frozen mixture to form a freeze-dried dietary supplement; and administering the dietary supplement to an animal. Methods for preparing a dietary supplement may include providing a natural substance to form a carrier matrix for the medicament; slurrifying the natural substance to form a slurry; mixing an effective amount of the medicament with the slurry to form a mixture; pouring the mixture into a mold; freezing the mixture; and removing moisture from the mixture to form a shelf-stable dietary supplement.
- AN 2004:1019519 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 141:428039
- ${\tt TI}$ Dietary supplements and methods of preparing and administering dietary supplements
- IN Finke, Mark D.
- PA Mark D. Finke, Inc., USA
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.
 - CODEN: USXXCO
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

T. TATA .																		
	PA:	TENT :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		D.	ATE	
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ΡI	US	2004	0234	579		A1		2004	1125		US 2	003-	4435	88		2	0030	522
	WO 2004105504				A2		20041209			WO 2004-US15900					20040520			
	WO 2004105504 W: AE, AG, AI				АЗ		2006	0323										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
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			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	${ m MZ}$,	NΑ,	ΝΙ,
			NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
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AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
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            SN, TD, TG
                               20030522
PRAI US 2003-443588
                         Α
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
             THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)
=> d hislog hold
'HISLOG' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'HCAPLUS'
'HOLD' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'HCAPLUS'
The following are valid formats:
ABS ---- GI and AB
ALL ----- BIB, AB, IND, RE
APPS ----- AI, PRAI
BIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data and PI table (default)
CAN ----- List of CA abstract numbers without answer numbers
CBIB ----- AN, plus Compressed Bibliographic Data
CLASS ----- IPC, NCL, ECLA, FTERM
DALL ---- ALL, delimited (end of each field identified)
DMAX ----- MAX, delimited for post-processing
FAM ----- AN, PI and PRAI in table, plus Patent Family data
FBIB ----- AN, BIB, plus Patent FAM
IND ---- Indexing data
IPC ----- International Patent Classifications
MAX ----- ALL, plus Patent FAM, RE
PATS ----- PI, SO
SAM ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT
SCAN ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT (random display, no answer numbers;
             SCAN must be entered on the same line as the DISPLAY,
             e.g., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN)
STD ----- BIB, CLASS
IABS ----- ABS, indented with text labels
IALL ----- ALL, indented with text labels
IBIB ----- BIB, indented with text labels
IMAX ----- MAX, indented with text labels
ISTD ----- STD, indented with text labels
OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)
OIBIB ----- OBIB, indented with text labels
SBIB ----- BIB, no citations
SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations
HIT ----- Fields containing hit terms
HITIND ----- IC, ICA, ICI, NCL, CC and index field (ST and IT)
             containing hit terms
HITRN ----- HIT RN and its text modification
HITSTR ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
             its structure diagram
HITSEQ ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its
             structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields
FHITSTR ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
             its structure diagram
FHITSEQ ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its
             structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields
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RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,

KWIC ----- Hit term plus 20 words on either side OCC ----- Number of occurrence of hit term and field in which it occurs

To display a particular field or fields, enter the display field codes. For a list of the display field codes, enter HELP DFIELDS at an arrow prompt (=>). Examples of formats include: TI; TI,AU; BIB,ST; TI,IND; TI,SO. You may specify the format fields in any order and the information will be displayed in the same order as the format specification.

All of the formats (except for SAM, SCAN, HIT, HITIND, HITRN, HITSTR, FHITSTR, HITSEQ, FHITSEQ, KWIC, and OCC) may be used with DISPLAY ACC to view a specified Accession Number. ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (BIB):ti

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Growth kinetics on oligo- and polysaccharides and promising features of three antioxidative potential probiotic strains

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:29:52 ON 14 DEC 2009)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:00 ON 14 DEC 2009

L1 24586 S GUAR OR GALACTOMANNAN OR GALACTAN OR MANNAN OR OLIGOMANNOSE O

L2 67887 S PROANTHOCYANIDIN OR LACTOFERRIN OR LINOLEIC OR LINOLENIC

L3 175 S L1 AND L2

L4 12192 S PREBIOTIC OR BIFIDO?

L5 10 S L3 AND L4

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE TOTAL SESSION

ENTRY SESSION

-8.20

-8.20

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 15:31:25 ON 14 DEC 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'HCAPLUS' AT 15:38:36 ON 14 DEC 2009 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:38:36 ON 14 DEC 2009 COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
36.08
36.30

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
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=> s hydrolyzed guar
        153968 HYDROLYZED
         13538 GUAR
L6
            93 HYDROLYZED GUAR
                  (HYDROLYZED (W) GUAR)
=> s 12 and 16
L7
             1 L2 AND L6
=> d 17 ti abs bib
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
T.7
ΤI
     Composition containing fermentable polysaccharides
     A nutritional composition (e.g., prebiotic polysaccharide-containing infant
AΒ
     formula) comprises 0.1-15 g fermentable partially hydrolyzed gum having a
     degree of polymerization of 10-300/100 g dry weight of the composition and
0.1 - 15 q
     fermentable, indigestible polysaccharide other than a hydrolyzed gum
     having a d.p. of 10-300/100 g dry weight of the composition Thus, partially
     hydrolyzed guar gum may be used in combination with
     inulin or indigestible polydextrin.
     2006:184964 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
DN
     144:253218
ΤI
     Composition containing fermentable polysaccharides
     Speelmans, Gelske; Govers, Maria Johanna Adriana P.
TN
PΑ
     N.V. Nutricia, Neth.
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                        KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     PATENT NO.
                          A1 20060301 EP 2004-77393
                                                                     20040824
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR
     AU 2005275578
                          A1 20060302 AU 2005-275578
                                                                     20050824
     CA 2578093
                          Α1
                                 20060302
                                             CA 2005-2578093
                                                                      20050824
                                            WO 2005-NL613
                         A1
     WO 2006022544
                                20060302
                                                                      20050824
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             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                          A1 20070509
                                             EP 2005-775174
     EP 1781117
                                                                       20050824
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A 20070926 CN 2005-80035522 20050824

US 2007-574120

20070827

CN 101043822

US 20080280852

A1

20081113

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PRAI EP 2004-77393 A 20040824
WO 2005-NL613 W 20050824
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
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               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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            8 L4 AND L6
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L9
=> d 19 1-7 ti abs bib
     ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
1.9
ΤТ
     Dietary fiber formulation and method of administration
AΒ
     A dietary fiber formulation may comprise partially hydrolyzed
     guar gum (PHGG) and fructooligosaccharides (FOS), wherein the
     dietary fiber formulation exhibits a prebiotic potential greater
     than a prebiotic potential of PHGG and FOS individually. Thus,
     after administration, a PHGG/FOS blend has a lengthened fermentation time in
the
     intestinal tract and produces a greater variety of short-chain fatty acids
     (acetate, propionate, butyrate) than would either fiber individually.
     2007:482861 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
     146:440734
DΝ
TΙ
     Dietary fiber formulation and method of administration
     Troup, John P.; Falk, Anne L.
IN
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 32pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                         ----
PΙ
     WO 2007050656
                          A2 20070503
                                             WO 2006-US41568
                                                                      20061023
     WO 2007050656
                          A3 20070712
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
              CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
              GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN,
              KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
             RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
              TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
                                            AU 2006-306241
     AU 2006306241
                          A1
                                  20070503
                                                                       20061023
     CA 2626398
                          A1
                                            CA 2006-2626398
EP 2006-826605
                                  20070503
                                                                       20061023
                               20080709
     EP 1940243
                          A2
                                                                       20061023
            AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
              IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
     JP 2009511506
                          T 20090319 JP 2008-534794
                                                                      20061023
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008DN02528	A	20080725	IN	2008-DN2528	20080326
.01291597	A	20081022	CN	2006-80039184	20080421
008005253	A	20080507	MX	2008-5253	20080423
:005-729767P	P	20051024			
:005-742124P	P	20051202			
006-US41568	W	20061023			
	01291597 008005253 005-729767P 005-742124P	01291597 A 008005253 A 005-729767P P 005-742124P P	01291597 A 20081022 008005253 A 20080507 005-729767P P 20051024 005-742124P P 20051202	01291597 A 20081022 CN 008005253 A 20080507 MX 005-729767P P 20051024 005-742124P P 20051202	01291597 A 20081022 CN 2006-80039184 008005253 A 20080507 MX 2008-5253 005-729767P P 20051024 005-742124P P 20051202

- L9 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Physiological functions of partially hydrolyzed guar gum
- AB A review. Partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) has a number of properties associated with dietary fiber. PHGG ingestion results in not only an increase in defecting frequency and softer stools in persons with constipation but also significantly improvement of diarrhea in patient with gastrointestinal intolerance. The lowering of fecal pH by intake of PHGG resulted in the growth of Lactobacillus spp. and Bifidobacterium spp., intestinal flora good for human health. Improvement of balance of intestinal microflora resulted in prevention from infection and colonization of Salmonella enteritidis. Further the ingestion of PHGG promoted absorption of mineral and lowered serum cholesterol and triglycerides in the rat and serum cholesterol in human by improving lipid metabolism without reduction of protein utilization. In addition,

PHGG significantly reduced the level of plasma glucose, and thereby improved acute postprandial plasma glucose and insulin response. All these observations suggest that the PHGG is prospective one of dietary fiber with various biol. functions.

- AN 2006:1346229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 146:120942
- TI Physiological functions of partially hydrolyzed guar gum
- AU Yoon, Seon-Joo; Chu, Djong-Chi; Juneja, Lekh Raj
- CS Department of Pathobiology, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA
- SO Journal of Clinical Biochemistry and Nutrition (2006), 39(3), 134-144 CODEN: JCBNER; ISSN: 0912-0009
- PB Japanese Society of Clinical Nutrition
- DT Journal; General Review
- LA English
- RE.CNT 84 THERE ARE 84 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Role of partially hydrolyzed guar gum in the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome
- A review. Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) is the world's most common AΒ gastrointestinal functional disorder and is associated with several social and economic costs. Health-related quality of life is often impaired in patients with IBS. The pathophysiol. mechanisms underlying IBS remain poorly defined. The therapeutic approach to patients with IBS is based on symptoms, and fibers may play an important role in treatment. Among the various types of fiber, water-soluble, non-gelling fibers seem to be a promising option for treatment of IBS. Partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) is a water-soluble, non-gelling fiber that has provided therapeutic benefits. In clin. trials, PHGG decreased symptoms in constipation-predominant and diarrhea-predominant forms of IBS and decreased abdominal pain. Further, an improvement in quality of life was observed in patients with IBS during and after treatment with PHGG. Moreover, PHGG seems to have prebiotic properties because it increases the colonic contents of short-chain fatty acids, Lactobacilli, and Bifidobacteria.

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2006:178683 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
     145:187836
DN
     Role of partially hydrolyzed guar gum in the treatment
ΤТ
     of irritable bowel syndrome
     Giannini, Edoardo G.; Mansi, Carlo; Dulbecco, Pietro; Savarino, Vincenzo
ΑU
     Gastroenterology Unit, Department of Internal Medicine, University of
CS
     Genoa, Genoa, Italy
    Nutrition (New York, NY, United States) (2006), 22(3), 334-342
SO
     CODEN: NUTRER; ISSN: 0899-9007
РΒ
    Elsevier Inc.
    Journal; General Review
    English
LA
OSC.G
              THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (9 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 66
              THERE ARE 66 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
T.9
ΤI
     Partially hydrolyzed guar gum. Clinical nutrition uses
AΒ
     A review is given concerning partially hydrolyzed guar
     gum that is relevant to clin. nutrition practice. Methods. All relevant
     papers published on partially hydrolyzed guar gum were
     reviewed and the results summarized. Results. Partially
     hydrolyzed quar qum (PHGG) is a water-soluble dietary fiber
     with a wide range of uses in clin. nutrition. Its low viscosity allows
     its use in enteral products and beverages. PHGG can be added to enteral
     formulas and food products as a dietary fiber source. PHGG provides the
     benefits associated with dietary fiber ingestion. Addition of PHGG to the diet
     reduced laxative dependence in a nursing home population. PHGG also
     reduced the incidence of diarrhea in septic patients receiving total
     enteral nutrition and reduced symptoms of irritable bowel syndrome. PHGG
     also increased production of Bifidobacterium in the gut.
     Conclusion. The ease of use of PHGG and its clin. effectiveness make it a
     good choice in clin. nutrition practice.
     2003:415664 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
DN
    139:229794
ΤI
    Partially hydrolyzed guar gum. Clinical nutrition uses
ΑU
     Slavin, Joanne L.; Greenberg, Norman A.
CS
     Department of Food Science and Nutrition, University of Minnesota, St.
     Paul, MN, USA
SO
    Nutrition (New York, NY, United States) (2003), 19(6), 549-552
     CODEN: NUTRER; ISSN: 0899-9007
PВ
    Elsevier Science Inc.
DT
    Journal; General Review
LA
    English
OSC.G
       2.5
              THERE ARE 25 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (25 CITINGS)
             THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 33
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L9
     The prebiotic effects of biscuits containing partially
ΤI
     hydrolysed guar gum and fructo-oligosaccharides - a human volunteer study
     Prebiotics are nondigestible food ingredients that target selected groups
AΒ
     of human colonic microflora, thus altering the microbial composition in a more
     beneficial way by increasing the populations of bifidobacteria
     and/or lactobacilli. The prebiotic potential of partially
     hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) and fructooligosaccharides
     (FOS) contained in biscuits was assessed in 31 humans. Fluorescent in
     situ hybridization with oligonucleotide probes targeting Bacteroides,
     Bifidobacterium, Clostridium, and Lactobacillus-Enterococcus spp.
     was used for bacterial identification and the total bacteria were
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enumerated using the 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole fluorescent staining.

The subjects consumed daily 3 biscuits (providing 6.6 g FOS and 3.4 g PHGG) or 3 placebo biscuits in two 21-day crossover periods. The Bifidobacteria counts increased after ingestion of the exptl. biscuits compared with placebo. The Bifidobacteria counts returned to pretreatment levels within 7 days after cessation of the exptl. biscuits intake. A correlation was found between the initial fecal Bifidobacteria counts and the magnitude of bifidogenesis; subjects with low initial Bifidobacteria counts experienced the greatest increase in bifidogenesis. No changes were observed in the other bacterial groups monitored. Thus, the prebiotic nature of FOS and PHGG was maintained in the final biscuit food product as evidenced from the selective increase in Bifidobacteria counts.

- AN 2001:756726 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 136:36823
- TI The prebiotic effects of biscuits containing partially hydrolysed guar gum and fructo-oligosaccharides a human volunteer study
- AU Tuohy, K. M.; Kolida, S.; Lustenberger, A. M.; Gibson, G. R.
- CS Food Microbial Sciences Unit, School of Food Biosciences, University of Reading, Reading, RG6 6AP, UK
- SO British Journal of Nutrition (2001), 86(3), 341-348 CODEN: BJNUAV; ISSN: 0007-1145
- PB CABI Publishing
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 75 THERE ARE 75 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (75 CITINGS)
- RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L9 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum on infection of Salmonella enteritidis in young and laying hens
- The preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum AB (PHGG) on the colonization of Salmonella enteritidis (SE) in young and laying hens was investigated. The effects of feed supplemented with 0.025, 0.05, and 0.1% PHGG was examined on young hens orally infected with SE. The incidence of SE in organs was decreased, the excretion of SE into feces was increased, and the agglutinating antibody titer to SE in serum was decreased by the administration of PHGG to young hens. In particular, feed supplemented with 0.025% PHGG was the most effective. It was also shown that feed supplemented with 0.025% PHGG increased the number of Bifidobacterium spp. and Lactobacillus spp., the most numerous intestinal bacteria in the cecum of young hen. The effect of the excretion of SE via feces was also observed in an experiment using laying hens. The incidence of SE on the surface of the eggshell and in egg white and egg yolk was also decreased when the feed of laying hens was supplemented with 0.025% PHGG. These results show that the administration of feed supplemented with PHGG can prevent the colonization of SE in young and laying hens, which, in turn, could be related to improvement in the balance of intestinal microflora.
- AN 2000:370967 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 133:163623
- TI Preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum on infection of Salmonella enteritidis in young and laying hens
- AU Ishihara, N.; Chu, D.-C.; Akachi, S.; Juneja, L. R.
- CS Nutritional Foods Division, Taiyo Kagaku Co., Ltd., Mie, 510-0844, Japan
- SO Poultry Science (2000), 79(5), 689-697 CODEN: POSCAL; ISSN: 0032-5791
- PB Poultry Science Association, Inc.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L9 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Effects of partially hydrolyzed guar gum intake on human intestinal microflora and its metabolism
- AΒ The growth responses of a variety of human intestinal bacteria to partially hydrolyzed quar qum (PHGG) were investigated in vitro and in vivo. In an in vitro experiment, PHGG moderately enhanced growth of some bacterial strains including Bacteroides ovatus, Clostridium coccoides, C. butyricum, and Peptostreptococcus productus. Effects of PHGG intake (7 g/volunteer, 3 times per day, for 14 days) on fecal microflora, bacterial metabolites, and pH were investigated using nine healthy human volunteers. The count of Bifidobacterium spp. and the percentage of these species in the total count increased significantly during the PHGG intake periods. Among the acid-forming bacteria, Lactobacillus spp. also increased. The fecal pH and fecal bacterial metabolites such as β -glucoronidase activity, putrefactive products, and ammonia content were significantly decreased by PHGG intake. Two weeks after the end of PHGG intake, the bacterial counts and their biol. manifestations appeared to return to the former state.
- AN 1994:578462 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 121:178462
- OREF 121:32403a,32406a
- TI Effects of partially hydrolyzed guar gum intake on human intestinal microflora and its metabolism
- AU Okubo, Tsutomu; Ishihara, Noriyuki; Takahashi, Hidehisa; Fujisawa, Tomohiko; Kim, Mujo; Yamamoto, Takehiko; Mitsuoka, Tomotari
- CS Cent. Res. Lab., Taiyo Kagaku Co., Ltd., Yokkaichi, 510, Japan
- SO Bioscience, Biotechnology, and Biochemistry (1994), 58(8), 1364-9 CODEN: BBBIEJ; ISSN: 0916-8451
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 42 THERE ARE 42 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (42 CITINGS)

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:29:52 ON 14 DEC 2009)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:00 ON 14 D	DEC 2009		
L1 24586 S GUAR OR GALACTOMANNAN OR GALA	ACTAN OR MANNAN	OR OLIGOMANNOSI	E O
L2 67887 S PROANTHOCYANIDIN OR LACTOFERF	RIN OR LINOLEIC	OR LINOLENIC	
L3 175 S L1 AND L2			
L4 12192 S PREBIOTIC OR BIFIDO?			
L5 10 S L3 AND L4			
L6 93 S HYDROLYZED GUAR			
L7 1 S L2 AND L6			
L8 8 S L4 AND L6			
L9 7 S L8 NOT L7			
=> log hold			
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL	
	ENTRY	SESSION	
FULL ESTIMATED COST	65.78	66.00	
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE		
	ENTRY		
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-14.76	-14.76	

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 15:39:45 ON 14 DEC 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID: SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'HCAPLUS' AT 15:41:46 ON 14 DEC 2009 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:41:46 ON 14 DEC 2009 COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)s

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 65.78 66.00 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) TOTAL SINCE FILE SESSION ENTRY CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -14.76-14.76

=> s 12 and 14

L10 201 L2 AND L4

=> s 110 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

24054478 PY<2004 4828829 AY<2004 4302407 PRY<2004

L11 89 L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s fiber or guar or oligosaccharide

652577 FIBER 13538 GUAR

34364 OLIGOSACCHARIDE

L12 698550 FIBER OR GUAR OR OLIGOSACCHARIDE

=> s 111 and 112

L13 6 L11 AND L12

=> d 113 1-6 ti abs bib

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Continuous multi-microencapsulation process for improving the stability and storage life of biologically active ingredients in foods, cosmetics and drugs

AB Microcapsules are obtained in a continuous water-in-oil-in-water microencapsulation process through in situ and interfacial polymerization of the

emulsion. A formulation comprises a continuous water phase having a dispersion of microcapsules which contain oil drops and in the inside of each oil phase drop (containing optionally oil-soluble materials) there is a dispersion of water, or aqueous extract or water-dispersible material or water-soluble material. The oil drops are encapsulated with a polymerizable material of natural origin. Such microcapsules are appropriate for spray-drying, to be used as dry powder, lyophilized, self-emulsifiable powder, gel, cream, and any liquid form. The active compds. included in the microcapsules are beneficial to health and other biol. purposes. Such

formulations are appropriate for incorporation in any class of food, especially for the production of nutraceuticals, as well as cosmetic products (such as rejuvenescence creams, anti-wrinkle creams, gels, bath and shower consumable products and sprays). The prepns. are adequate to stabilize compds. added to food, media for cultivating microbes and nutraceuticals, especially those which are easily degradable or oxidizable.

AN 2005:564598 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>

DN 143:77319

- TI Continuous multi-microencapsulation process for improving the stability and storage life of biologically active ingredients in foods, cosmetics and drugs
- IN Casana Giner, Victor; Gimeno Sierra, Miguel; Gimeno Sierra, Barbara; Moser, Martha
- PA GAT Formulation G.m.b.H., Austria
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA Spanish
- FAN.CNT 1

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE 				
PI WO	2005	0584	76				2005	0630		WO 2	004-	ES56:	2		2	0041	217	<
	W:						ΑU,									CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NA,	ΝI,	
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
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			ΝE,	SN,	,													
	5 2235						2005			ES 2	003-	2998			2	0031	218	<
	5 2235						2006								_			
	J 2004		92				2005											
	A 2550				A1		2005											
El	? 1702			011			2006					8051				0041		
	R:						ES,						•			MC,	PT,	
C1	T 1015						CY,									20.41	117	
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	5 2007				A A1		2007											
	5 2007				A1 A2		2007			05 2	000-	J96J.	20		۷.	0000	310	<
PRAI ES							2003			_								
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OSC.G							REC		THA	т ст	TE T	HTS 1	RECO	RD (8 CT'	TING	3)	
RE.CNT	-																<i>-</i> ,	

- L13 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Dietary supplements and methods of preparing and administering dietary supplements

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

AB A chewable or non-chewable, palatable and shelf stable dietary supplement for animals including a carrier matrix formed of a natural substance and an effective amount of a medicament intermixed with the carrier matrix is disclosed. Methods for administering a medicament to an animal may include forming a slurry from a natural substance; mixing an effective amount of a medicament with the slurry to form a mixture; pouring the mixture

into a mold; freezing the mixture to form a frozen mixture; drying the frozen mixture to form a freeze-dried dietary supplement; and administering the dietary supplement to an animal. Methods for preparing a dietary supplement may include providing a natural substance to form a carrier matrix for the medicament; slurrifying the natural substance to form a slurry; mixing an effective amount of the medicament with the slurry to form a mixture; pouring the mixture into a mold; freezing the mixture; and removing moisture from the mixture to form a shelf-stable dietary supplement.

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AN 2004:1019519 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
```

- DN 141:428039
- TI Dietary supplements and methods of preparing and administering dietary supplements
- IN Finke, Mark D.
- PA Mark D. Finke, Inc., USA
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp. CODEN: USXXCO
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATE	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
WO 2	US 20040234579 WO 2004105504 WO 2004105504			2004105504 A2 20041209				1209		US 2 WO 2					_		522 < 520 <
	RW:	CN, GE, LK, NO, TJ, BW, AZ, EE,	CO, GH, LR, NZ, TM, GH, BY, ES,	CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, GM, KG, FI,	CU, HR, LT, PG, TR, KE, KZ, FR,	CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT, LS, MD, GB,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, MW, RU, GR, CF,	DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, MZ, TJ, HU,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, NA, TM, IE,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, SD, AT, IT,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SL, BE, LU,	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC, SZ, BG, MC,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN, TZ, CH, NL,	ES, KP, MX, SG, YU, UG, CY, PL,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, ZM, CZ, PT,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, ZW, DE, RO,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK, SE,

PRAI US 2003-443588 A 20030522 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

- L13 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Foods for skin treatment
- AB Title foods contain lactic acid bacteria, oligosaccharides, dietary fiber, ascorbic acid, and proanthocyanidin. Thus, powdered food containing Bifidobacterium longum, galactooligosaccharide, indigestible dextrin, ascorbic acid, and proanthocyanidin improved skin condition and alleviated constipation and fatigue in women in a synergistic manner.
- AN 2003:936297 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 139:395205
- TI Foods for skin treatment
- IN Takagaki, Kinya
- PA Toyo Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 2003339353	A	20031202	JP 2002-151358	20020524 <
PRAI	JP 2002-151358		20020524	<	

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OSC.G 2
              THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)
L13 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    Cosmetic or topical compositions containing lactoferrin and
     qlucan
AΒ
     The compns., which enhances protective function and regeneration of the
     skin, contain lactoferrin and \beta-1,3-glucan. A face
     cleansing soap was prepared from lactoferrin 0.01, hydrolyzed
     yeast extract 0.01, bifidobacteria fermentation extract 0.01, DNA-K 0.01,
     fatty acid soap 98.35, Na cocoylglutamate 1.0, tetrasodium etidronate 0.2,
     squalane 0.3, carrot extract 0.05, soybean oil 0.05, and glucan
     oligosaccharide 0.01 weight%.
ΑN
     2003:771484 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
DN
    139:280925
    Cosmetic or topical compositions containing lactoferrin and
ΤT
     glucan
    Fukuda, Takeshi
ΙN
PΑ
    Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                               _____
                                           -----
                       ____
                                                                  _____
                                         JP 2002-81089
                        А
                                                                 20020322 <--
    JP 2003277221
                               20031002
PRAI JP 2002-81089
                               20020322 <--
L13 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ΤI
    Method for improving the skin and coat of pets
AΒ
    A method for improving or maintaining the skin and coat system of a pet
     includes administering to the pet a nutritional agent which promotes the
     growth of bifido- and lactic-bacteria in its gastro-intestinal
     tract. The nutritional agent may be a prebiotic or a probiotic
     microorganism, or both. The nutritional agent may be administered
     together with a long chain fatty acid.
ΑN
     2001:185508 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
DN
    134:192560
ΤI
    Method for improving the skin and coat of pets
    Russell, Terry; Young, Linda A.
ΤN
PΑ
     Societe Des Produits Nestle S.A., Switz.; Russell, Jody
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                               _____
                        ____
     _____
                                           ______
                                                                  _____
     WO 2001017365
                        A1 20010315 WO 2000-EP8747 20000906 <--
PΙ
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2383714 A1 20010315 CA 2000-2383714 CA 2383714 C 20090512
                                                                  20000906 <--
                        С
     CA 2383714
                              20090512
     BR 2000013780 A
                              20020514 BR 2000-13780
                                                                  20000906 <--
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EP 1213970 A1 20020619 EP 2000-958527 20000906 <---
EP 1213970 B1 20080611
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
               IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
AU 783678

AU 783678

B2 20051124

AU 2000-70016

20000906 <--

AT 397868

T 20080715

AT 2000-958527

20000906 <--

ES 2307531

T3 20081201

ES 2000-958527

20000906 <--

MX 2002002430

A 20020702

MX 2002-2430

20020306 <--

ZA 2002002647

A 20030704

ZA 2002-2647

HK 1048232

A1 20081031

HK 2002-108938

20021209 <--

PRAI US 1999-152653P

P 19990907 <--

WO 2000-EP8747

W 20000906 <--

THERE APE 3 CAPLUS PECORDS THAT CLIE THIS PECORD (3 CLITIMOS)
OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 7
               THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L13 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
     Nutritional or pharmaceutical compositions containing iron particularly
      assimilable by humans and organisms
      The title compns. containing an iron transporter having a bifidogen
AΒ
      effect and an iron salt are disclosed. A pharmaceutical composition contained
      ferric chloride 7, lactoferrin 10, fructo-
      oligosaccharide 1200 mg, and excipients and fragrances q.s.
      1999:583752 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
ΑN
DN
     131:189706
   Nutritional or pharmaceutical compositions containing iron particularly
ΤI
     assimilable by humans and organisms
IN
    Auzerie, Jack; Berbille, Herve
PA
    Investigations Therapeutiques Essais Cliniques Services S.a r.l., Fr.
SO
     Fr. Demande, 9 pp.
     CODEN: FRXXBL
    Patent
DT
     French
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     FR 2773713
                    A1 19990723 FR 1998-624
B1 20010601
A1 19990901 EP 1999-450002
                                                                           19980116 <--
PΤ
     FR 2773713
      EP 938850
                                                                            19990115 <--
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
PRAI FR 1998-624 A 19980116 <--
              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
                ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
=> d his
      (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:29:52 ON 14 DEC 2009)
      FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:00 ON 14 DEC 2009
            24586 S GUAR OR GALACTOMANNAN OR GALACTAN OR MANNAN OR OLIGOMANNOSE O
L1
            67887 S PROANTHOCYANIDIN OR LACTOFERRIN OR LINOLEIC OR LINOLENIC
L2
L3
              175 S L1 AND L2
L4
           12192 S PREBIOTIC OR BIFIDO?
               10 S L3 AND L4
L5
L6
               93 S HYDROLYZED GUAR
L7
              1 S L2 AND L6
L8
L9
               8 S L4 AND L6
               7 S L8 NOT L7
```

L10 201 S L2 AND L4

L11 89 S L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

L12 698550 S FIBER OR GUAR OR OLIGOSACCHARIDE

L13 6 S L11 AND L12

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
89.48
89.70

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE
ENTRY
SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-19.68
-19.68

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 15:42:55 ON 14 DEC 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID: SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'HCAPLUS' AT 15:49:50 ON 14 DEC 2009 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:49:50 ON 14 DEC 2009 COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 89.48 89.70 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -19.68-19.68

- => s methyl (2a) (mannooligosaccharide or (manno-oligosaccharide) or oligomannoes or oligomannan)
 - 1125944 METHYL
 - 248 MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 2824 MANNO
 - 34364 OLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 43 MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE

(MANNO(W)OLIGOSACCHARIDE)

- 0 OLIGOMANNOES
- 9 OLIGOMANNAN
- L14 1 METHYL (2A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE OR (MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE) OR OLIGOMANNOES OR OLIGOMANNAN)
- => s (methyl or methylated or methylation) (4a) (mannooligosaccharide or (manno-oligosaccharide) or oligomannoes or oligomannan)
 - 1125944 METHYL
 - 45139 METHYLATED
 - 107291 METHYLATION
 - 248 MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 2824 MANNO
 - 34364 OLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 43 MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE

- 0 OLIGOMANNOES
- 9 OLIGOMANNAN
- L15 1 (METHYL OR METHYLATED OR METHYLATION) (4A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE OR (MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE) OR OLIGOMANNOES OR OLIGOMANNAN)
- => d 115 ti abs bib
- L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Synthetic studies on cell-surface glycans. Part 12. Proton and carbon-13 NMR spectral study of synthetic methyl D-mannooligosaccharides
- AB 1H- and 13C-NMR spectra for 16 synthetic Me manno-oligosaccharides were recorded, and the signals for the anomeric protons and anomeric carbon atoms in branched manno-pentaosides and -hexaosides were assigned, based on the data for Me manno-biosides and -triosides. These NMR data identified the branching pattern of high-mannose types of glycans of glycopeptides with those of unambiguously synthesized manno-oligosaccharides, and confirmed the structures proposed for such glycans.
- AN 1982:123143 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 96:123143
- OREF 96:20233a,20236a
- TI Synthetic studies on cell-surface glycans. Part 12. Proton and carbon-13 NMR spectral study of synthetic methyl D-mannooligosaccharides
- AU Ogawa, Tomoya; Sasajima, Kikuo
- CS Inst. Phys. Chem. Res., Wako, 351, Japan
- SO Carbohydrate Research (1981), 97(2), 205-27 CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 12 THERE ARE 12 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS)
- => s (methyl or methylated or methylation) (4a) (mannooligosaccharide or (manno-oligosaccharide) or oligomannose or oligomannan)
 - 1125944 METHYL
 - 45139 METHYLATED
 - 107291 METHYLATION
 - 248 MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 2824 MANNO
 - 34364 OLIGOSACCHARIDE
 - 43 MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE

(MANNO(W)OLIGOSACCHARIDE)

- 365 OLIGOMANNOSE
 - 9 OLIGOMANNAN
- L16 1 (METHYL OR METHYLATED OR METHYLATION) (4A) (MANNOOLIGOSACCHARIDE OR (MANNO-OLIGOSACCHARIDE) OR OLIGOMANNOSE OR OLIGOMANNAN)
- => s enteral or enteric or intestinal or colonic or diarrhea
 - 4860 ENTERAL
 - 17875 ENTERIC
 - 141518 INTESTINAL
 - 19597 COLONIC
 - 25501 DIARRHEA
- L17 192703 ENTERAL OR ENTERIC OR INTESTINAL OR COLONIC OR DIARRHEA
- => s pathogenic or clostridium or salmonella
 - 70459 PATHOGENIC
 - 29753 CLOSTRIDIUM
 - 53849 SALMONELLA

5 L6 AND L19

T.18

L20

=> d 120 1-5 ti abs bib

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Dietary fiber formulation and method of administration

AB A dietary fiber formulation may comprise partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) and fructooligosaccharides (FOS), wherein the dietary fiber formulation exhibits a prebiotic potential greater than a prebiotic potential of PHGG and FOS individually. Thus, after administration, a PHGG/FOS blend has a lengthened fermentation time in the intestinal tract and produces a greater variety of short-chain fatty acids (acetate, propionate, butyrate) than would either fiber individually.

AN 2007:482861 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>

DN 146:440734

TI Dietary fiber formulation and method of administration

IN Troup, John P.; Falk, Anne L.

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PAT	CENT :	NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE 			
PI						A2 20070503 A3 20070712				WO 2	006-	US41	568		2	0061	023	
		W:	AE, CN, GE, KP, MN, RS, TZ, AT, IS, CF,	AG, CO, GH, KR, MW, RU, UA, BE, IT, CG,	AL, CR, GM, KZ, MX, SC, UG, BG, LT,	AM, CU, GT, LA, MY, SD, US, CH, LU, CM,	AT, CZ, HN, LC, MZ, SE, UZ, CY, LV, GA,	AU, DE, HR, LK, NA, SG, VC, CZ, MC, GN, NA,	AZ, DK, HU, LR, NG, SK, VN, DE, NL, GQ,	DM, ID, LS, NI, SL, ZA, DK, PL, GW,	DZ, IL, LT, NO, SM, ZM, EE, PT,	EC, IN, LU, NZ, SV, ZW ES, RO, MR,	EE, IS, LV, OM, SY, FI, SE, NE,	EG, JP, LY, PG, TJ, FR, SI, SN,	ES, KE, MA, PH, TM, GB, SK, TD,	FI, KG, MD, PL, TN, GR, TR,	GB, KM, MG, PT, TR, HU, BF, BW,	GD, KN, MK, RO, TT, IE, BJ, GH,
	CA EP JP IN CN	2006 2626 1940 R: 2009 2008 1012 2008	3062 398 243 AT, IS, 5115 DN02 9159	BE, IT, 06 528	BG, LI,	A1 A2 CH, LT, T A	CY, LU,	TM, 2007 2007 2008 CZ, LV, 2009 2008 2008	0503 0503 0709 DE, MC, 0319 0725	DK, NL,	AU 2 CA 2 EP 2 EE, PL, JP 2 IN 2	006- 006- 006- ES, PT, 008- 008-	26263 8266 FI, RO, 53479 DN253	398 05 FR, SE, 94 28	GB, SI,	2 GR, SK, 2 2	0061 0061 HU, TR	023 023 IE, 023 326 421
PRAI	US US	2005 2005 2006	-729 -742	767P 124P		P P		2005 2005 2006	1202									

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Physiological functions of partially hydrolyzed guar

gum

- A review. Partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) has a AΒ number of properties associated with dietary fiber. PHGG ingestion results in not only an increase in defecting frequency and softer stools in persons with constipation but also significantly improvement of diarrhea in patient with gastrointestinal intolerance. The lowering of fecal pH by intake of PHGG resulted in the growth of Lactobacillus spp. and Bifidobacterium spp., intestinal flora good for human health. Improvement of balance of intestinal microflora resulted in prevention from infection and colonization of Salmonella enteritidis. Further the ingestion of PHGG promoted absorption of mineral and lowered serum cholesterol and triglycerides in the rat and serum cholesterol in human by improving lipid metabolism without reduction of protein utilization. In addition, PHGG significantly reduced the level of plasma glucose, and thereby improved acute postprandial plasma glucose and insulin response. All these observations suggest that the PHGG is prospective one of dietary fiber with various biol. functions.
- AN 2006:1346229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 146:120942
- TI Physiological functions of partially hydrolyzed guar gum
- AU Yoon, Seon-Joo; Chu, Djong-Chi; Juneja, Lekh Raj
- CS Department of Pathobiology, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA
- SO Journal of Clinical Biochemistry and Nutrition (2006), 39(3), 134-144 CODEN: JCBNER; ISSN: 0912-0009
- PB Japanese Society of Clinical Nutrition
- DT Journal; General Review
- LA English
- RE.CNT 84 THERE ARE 84 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L20 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI The prebiotic effects of biscuits containing partially hydrolysed guar gum and fructo-oligosaccharides a human volunteer study
- AB Prebiotics are nondigestible food ingredients that target selected groups of human colonic microflora, thus altering the microbial composition in a more beneficial way by increasing the populations of bifidobacteria and/or lactobacilli. The prebiotic potential of partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) and fructooligosaccharides (FOS) contained in biscuits was assessed in 31 humans. Fluorescent in situ hybridization with oligonucleotide probes targeting Bacteroides, Bifidobacterium, Clostridium, and Lactobacillus-Enterococcus spp. was used for bacterial identification and the total bacteria were enumerated using the 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole fluorescent staining. The subjects consumed daily 3 biscuits (providing 6.6 g FOS and 3.4 g PHGG) or 3 placebo biscuits in two 21-day crossover periods. The Bifidobacteria counts increased after ingestion of the exptl. biscuits compared with placebo. The Bifidobacteria counts returned to pretreatment levels within 7 days after cessation of the exptl. biscuits intake. A correlation was found between the initial fecal Bifidobacteria counts and the magnitude of bifidogenesis; subjects with low initial Bifidobacteria counts experienced the greatest increase in bifidogenesis. No changes were observed in the other bacterial groups monitored. Thus, the prebiotic nature of FOS and PHGG was maintained in the final biscuit food product as evidenced from the selective increase in Bifidobacteria counts.
- AN 2001:756726 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 136:36823
- TI The prebiotic effects of biscuits containing partially hydrolysed guar gum and fructo-oligosaccharides a human volunteer study
- AU Tuohy, K. M.; Kolida, S.; Lustenberger, A. M.; Gibson, G. R.

- CS Food Microbial Sciences Unit, School of Food Biosciences, University of Reading, Reading, RG6 6AP, UK
- SO British Journal of Nutrition (2001), 86(3), 341-348 CODEN: BJNUAV; ISSN: 0007-1145
- PB CABI Publishing
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 75 THERE ARE 75 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (75 CITINGS)
- RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L20 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum on infection of Salmonella enteritidis in young and laying hens
- AΒ The preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) on the colonization of Salmonella enteritidis (SE) in young and laying hens was investigated. The effects of feed supplemented with 0.025, 0.05, and 0.1% PHGG was examined on young hens orally infected with SE. The incidence of SE in organs was decreased, the excretion of SE into feces was increased, and the agglutinating antibody titer to SE in serum was decreased by the administration of PHGG to young hens. particular, feed supplemented with 0.025% PHGG was the most effective. was also shown that feed supplemented with 0.025% PHGG increased the number of Bifidobacterium spp. and Lactobacillus spp., the most numerous intestinal bacteria in the cecum of young hen. The effect of the excretion of SE via feces was also observed in an experiment using laying hens. The incidence of SE on the surface of the eggshell and in egg white and egg yolk was also decreased when the feed of laying hens was supplemented with 0.025% PHGG. These results show that the administration of feed supplemented with PHGG can prevent the colonization of SE in young and laying hens, which, in turn, could be related to improvement in the balance of intestinal microflora.
- AN 2000:370967 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>
- DN 133:163623
- TI Preventive effect of partially hydrolyzed guar gum on infection of Salmonella enteritidis in young and laying hens
- AU Ishihara, N.; Chu, D.-C.; Akachi, S.; Juneja, L. R.
- CS Nutritional Foods Division, Taiyo Kagaku Co., Ltd., Mie, 510-0844, Japan
- SO Poultry Science (2000), 79(5), 689-697 CODEN: POSCAL; ISSN: 0032-5791
- PB Poultry Science Association, Inc.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OSC.G 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)
- RE.CNT 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L20 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- TI Effects of partially hydrolyzed guar gum intake on human intestinal microflora and its metabolism
- AB The growth responses of a variety of human intestinal bacteria to partially hydrolyzed guar gum (PHGG) were investigated in vitro and in vivo. In an in vitro experiment, PHGG moderately enhanced growth of some bacterial strains including Bacteroides ovatus, Clostridium coccoides, C. butyricum, and Peptostreptococcus productus. Effects of PHGG intake (7 g/volunteer, 3 times per day, for 14 days) on fecal microflora, bacterial metabolites, and pH were investigated using nine healthy human volunteers. The count of Bifidobacterium spp. and the percentage of these species in the total count increased significantly during the PHGG intake periods. Among the acid-forming bacteria, Lactobacillus spp. also increased. The fecal pH and fecal

bacterial metabolites such as β -glucoronidase activity, putrefactive products, and ammonia content were significantly decreased by PHGG intake. Two weeks after the end of PHGG intake, the bacterial counts and their biol. manifestations appeared to return to the former state.

AN 1994:578462 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20091214>>

DN 121:178462

OREF 121:32403a,32406a

TI Effects of partially hydrolyzed guar gum intake on human intestinal microflora and its metabolism

AU Okubo, Tsutomu; Ishihara, Noriyuki; Takahashi, Hidehisa; Fujisawa, Tomohiko; Kim, Mujo; Yamamoto, Takehiko; Mitsuoka, Tomotari

CS Cent. Res. Lab., Taiyo Kagaku Co., Ltd., Yokkaichi, 510, Japan

SO Bioscience, Biotechnology, and Biochemistry (1994), 58(8), 1364-9 CODEN: BBBIEJ; ISSN: 0916-8451

DT Journal

LA English

OSC.G 42 THERE ARE 42 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (42 CITINGS)